

Sustainable bioeconomy using ecological industrial biorefinery design for food, feed and fuel from wastes: System innovation and techno economic analysis using process simulation tools

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Gestão Tecnologia de Inovação para Produção de bioenergia e Micro algas: Biossistema integrado de Produção limpas

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Approach

Process simulation
and modelling in
Super Pro

Online Google
enterprise spread
sheet modelling

Equipment costing,
Cost of production,
Plant cost results

SOCIAL

Support agricultural professions
Support Sufficiency Economy

TECHNICAL

Domestic technology available
R&D on Biofuel and Bioenergy

ECONOMICS

Reduce impacts from high oil price
Stabilize agricultural commodity price

ENVIRONMENT

Reduce air pollution in large cities
Mitigate greenhouse gas emission

POLICY

Support Kyoto Protocol
Reduce dependence on Political unstable countries and imports

Introduction

The desire to minimize or eliminate the causes and effects of this are the main goals of clean technology. With its adoption, there will be changes in the environment, however, these impacts begin to be reviewed, aiming at minimization and / or disposal.

In this field, through the research work carried out previously, we have good results, namely:

1. Computational Modeling of processes and clean technology;
2. Optimization and Simulation of Processes and Costs;
3. Computacional Simulation Stochastic modeling and Risk Analysis.
4. Business model for clean technology integrated fuel and food in

Concepts and methods

Case study was made with the anaerobic process, aerobic micro algae production , production of biodiesel from micro alge in several stages and recycle of reactor output are found to be very useful to produce biofertilizer ,bio-methane charcoal,bio electrical energy with recycle of water ,CO₂ and microbial biomass.

Which are integrated to internal Combustion and fuel cell for combined cold ,heat and Existing biogas and biodiesel from micro algae technologies has potential for practical application combined with hydro pyrolysis,as well as green hydrorobiodiesel to make fuel electrical energy towards sustainable local development.

Concepts and methods

1. Selected Paths and Methods for generating energy from biomass wastes;
2. Pyrolysis: The thermo conversion for biofuel (syngas) and energy production;
3. Anaerobic biodigestion: The bioconversion for biofuel (biogas) and energy(pyrogas , bioethanol and Biodeisel)
4. Collaborative Process Flow Sheet development;
5. Material Balance and Process Yield;
6. Process Economics Parameters and Costs Estimation.
7. Optmization of technology
8. Optimization business managment modle



VARIADOS PROCESSOS

PRODUTOS ENERGÉTICOS:
 Biocombustíveis Veiculares
 Biocombustíveis Industriais

OUTROS PRODUTOS:
 Alimentos Rações
 Fertilizantes Materiais
 Construtivos



PROJETOS DE APROVEITAMENTO DA BIOMASSA INDEXADA

Do Programa Globalizado de Aproveitamento da Biomassa várias Tecnologias estão Prontas para Uso e outras em Desenvolvimento

PROCESSOS DE CONVERSÃO:

- **PRODUÇÃO DE BIODIESEL:** TECNOLOGIA 100% DESENVOLVIDA
 - **PRODUÇÃO DE BIOQUEROSENE:** EM TESTES PARA HOMOLOGAÇÃO
 - **PRODUÇÃO DE CARVÃO VEGETAL:** TECNOLOGIA DISPONÍVEL DE TERCEIROS
 - **PRODUÇÃO DE BIOCOQUE:** TECNOLOGIA 100% DESENVOLVIDA
 - **PRODUÇÃO DE BIOGÁS VEICULAR:** TECNOLOGIA DISPONÍVEL DE TERCEIROS
 - **PRODUÇÃO DE BIOHIDROCARBONETOS:** TECNOLOGIA EM DESENVOLVIMENTO
- PRODUTOS EQUIVALENTES DO PETRÓLEO:

Gasolina Renovável
Renovável

Óleo Industrial Renovável

Querosene
Óleo Diesel Renovável

BIOCOMBUSTÍVEIS ALTERNATIVOS AOS COMBUSTÍVEIS FÓSSEIS

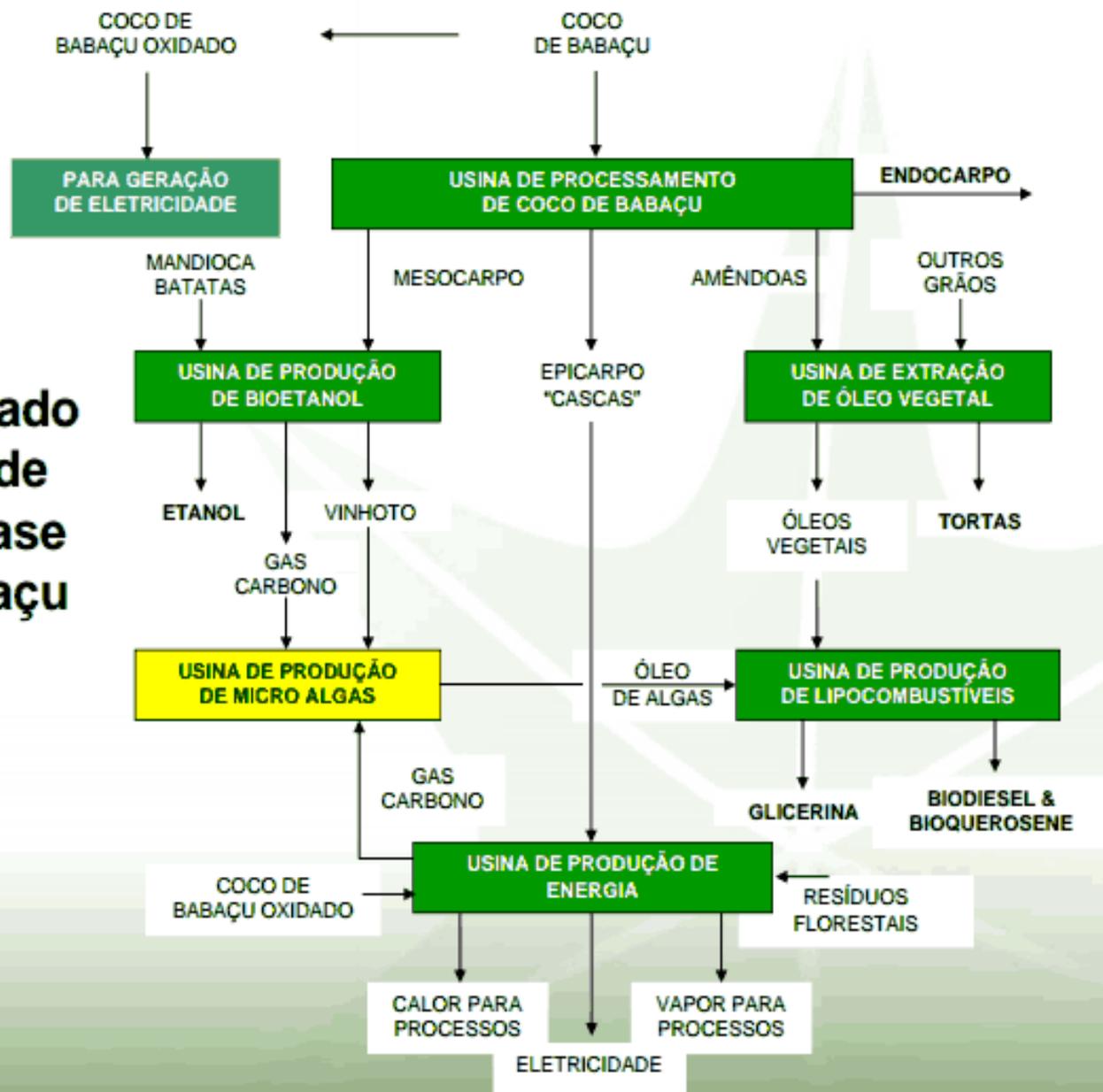
COMBUSTÍVEIS FÓSSEIS:

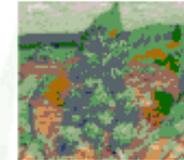
- Gás Natural
- GLP – Gás Liquefeito do Petróleo
- Gasolina
- Querosene
- Óleo Diesel
- Óleo Combustível Industrial
- Coque do Petróleo
- Carvão Mineral

BIOCOMBUSTÍVEIS:

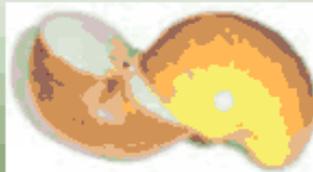
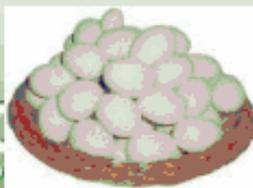
- Biogás e Gás Combustível Vegetal
- Biometano Liquefeito (Biogás Purificado e Engarrafado)
- Bioetanol e Gasolina Vegetal
- Bioquerosene e Querosene Vegetal
- Biodiesel e Diesel Vegetal
- Biomassa Bruta e Biocoque
- Biocoque (Resíduos Peletizados)
- Carvão Vegetal

Sistema Maximizado para Produção de Energias com Base no Coco de Babaçu (SMPE)





BIODIESEL INDUTOR DA PRODUÇÃO DE ALIMENTOS



ESTUDO DE CASO:

SOJA

GRÃOS DE SOJA:

Teor de Óleo: 18 – 20%

Processo de Extração: Extração por Solvente
de Óleo Extraído: 18%

1.000 kg de Grãos de Soja Produz:
de Óleo + 820 kg de Farelo (0,6% de óleo)



Média

180 kg

RESULTADOS DA PRODUÇÃO DE BIODIESEL COM O ÓLEO DE SOJA:

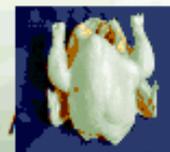
- Produção de Biodiesel:	191
litros	- Preço
do Biodiesel na Bomba:	R\$ 2,00 por
litros	-
Receita com Biodiesel:	R\$
382,00	

RESULTADOS DA PRODUÇÃO DE FRANGO COM O FARELO DE SOJA:

- Produção de Frango Congelado (limpo)	450
kg	- Preço
do Frango no Supermercado:	R\$ 2,20 por
kg	- Receita com
Frango:	R\$ 990,00

CONCLUSÃO:

Relação entre as Receitas Alimentos /
Biodiesel: 2,59



ESTUDO DE CASO:
GIRASSOL



GRÃOS DE GIRASSOL:

Teor de Óleo: 35 – 48%

Processo de Extração: Extração por Solvente
de Óleo Extraído: 40%

Média

1.000 kg de Grãos de Girassol Produz:
de Óleo + 600 kg de Farelo (0,6% de óleo)

400 kg

**RESULTADOS DA PRODUÇÃO DE
BIODIESEL COM ÓLEO DE GIRASSOL:**

- Produção de Biodiesel:	424
litros	- Preço
do Biodiesel na Bomba:	R\$ 2,00 por
litros	-
Receita com Biodiesel:	R\$
848,00	

**RESULTADOS DA PRODUÇÃO DE LEITE
COM FARELO DE GIRASSOL:**

- Produção de Leite Integral	1.800
litros	-
Preço do Leite UHT no Supermercado:	R\$
1,80 por litro	-
Receita com Leite:	R\$
3.240,00	

CONCLUSÃO:

Relação entre as Receitas Alimentos /
Biodiesel: **3,82**



REVISÃO: agosto/2009

Biorefinary Of Miracle Medicinal Plant Moringa for food and Fuel



Much of the plant is edible by humans or by farm animals. The leaves are rich in [protein](#), [vitamin A](#), [vitamin B](#), [vitamin C](#) and minerals. 100g of fresh Moringa leaves have 8.3 g protein, 434 mg calcium, 404 mg potassium, 738 µg vitamin A, and 164 mg vitamin C.

Feeding the high protein leaves to [cattle](#) has been shown to increase weight gain by up to 32% and [milk](#) production by

Macaúba: Brazilian Miracal energy plant for fuel , food , feed and Fiber



The *Acrocomia* popularly known as macaúba, is native from the Brazilian states of Alagoas, Pernambuco, Rio Grande do Norte, Paraíba and Ceará, being more common in these three states, which occurs in Atlantic forest ,The productivity yields of oil is between 1500-10000 kg of oil per hectare per year, the second largest productivity after palm oil (*Elaeis guineensis*). The oil content in the pulp varies from 30 to 78% with a mean value of 65%. The oil content in the seeds varies from 35 to 69% with a mean value of 48%. this oil is non-edible lowproduction costs, thus t an alternative feedstock for biodiesel due to economic and

PROCESSO DE FABRICAÇÃO DE ÓLEO E FARINHA DE PEIXE

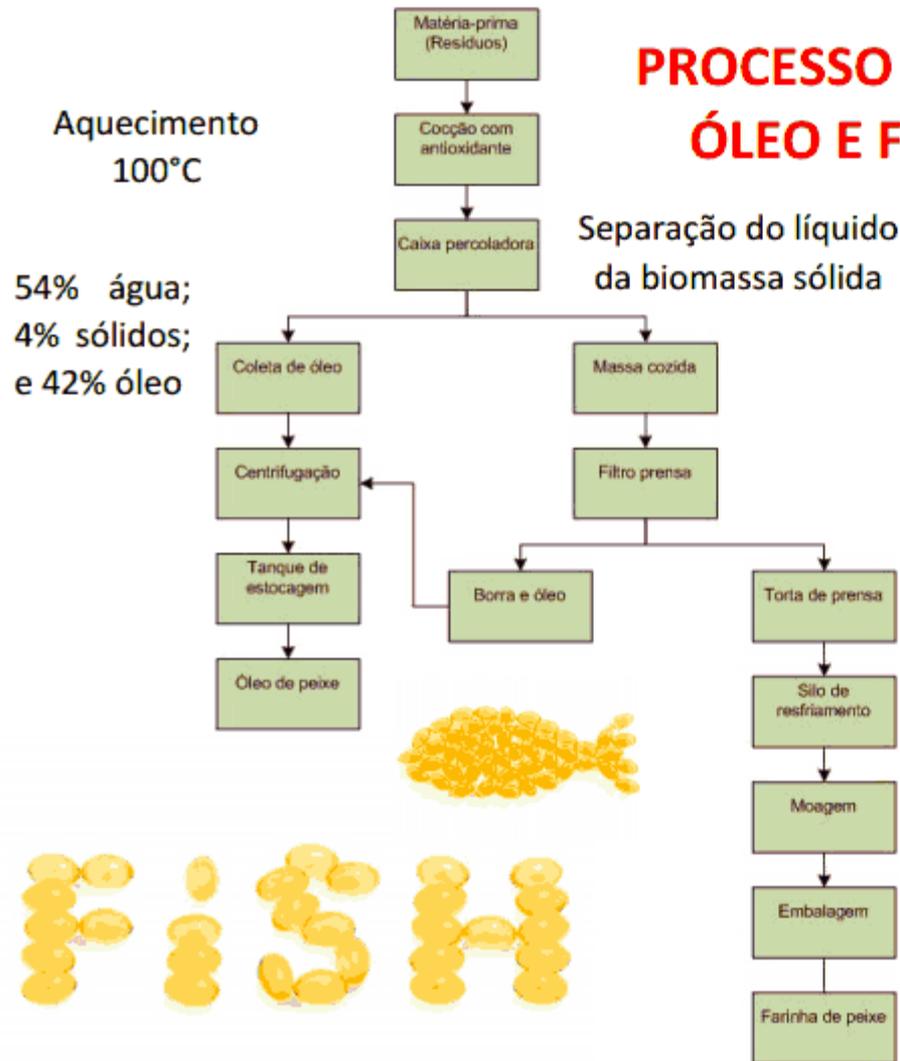


Figura: Resíduos de peixes

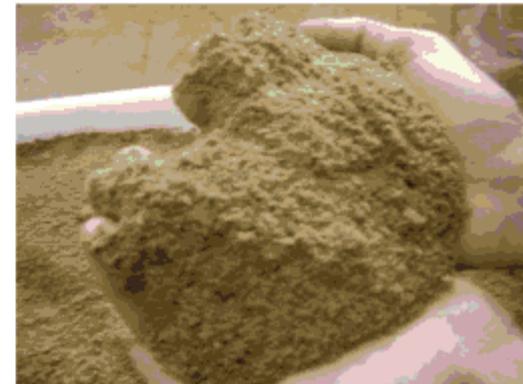
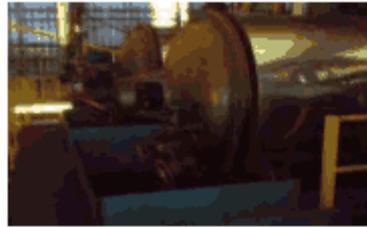


Figura: Farinha de resíduos da indústria de filetagem de tilápias

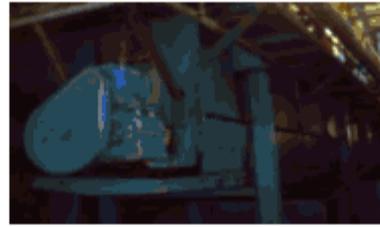
Equipamentos utilizados para a fabricação de farinha e óleo de peixes:



Rosca sem fim



Digestor



Caixa percoladora



Filtro prensa



Tanque de resfriamento



Moinho



Tanque de óleo e borra



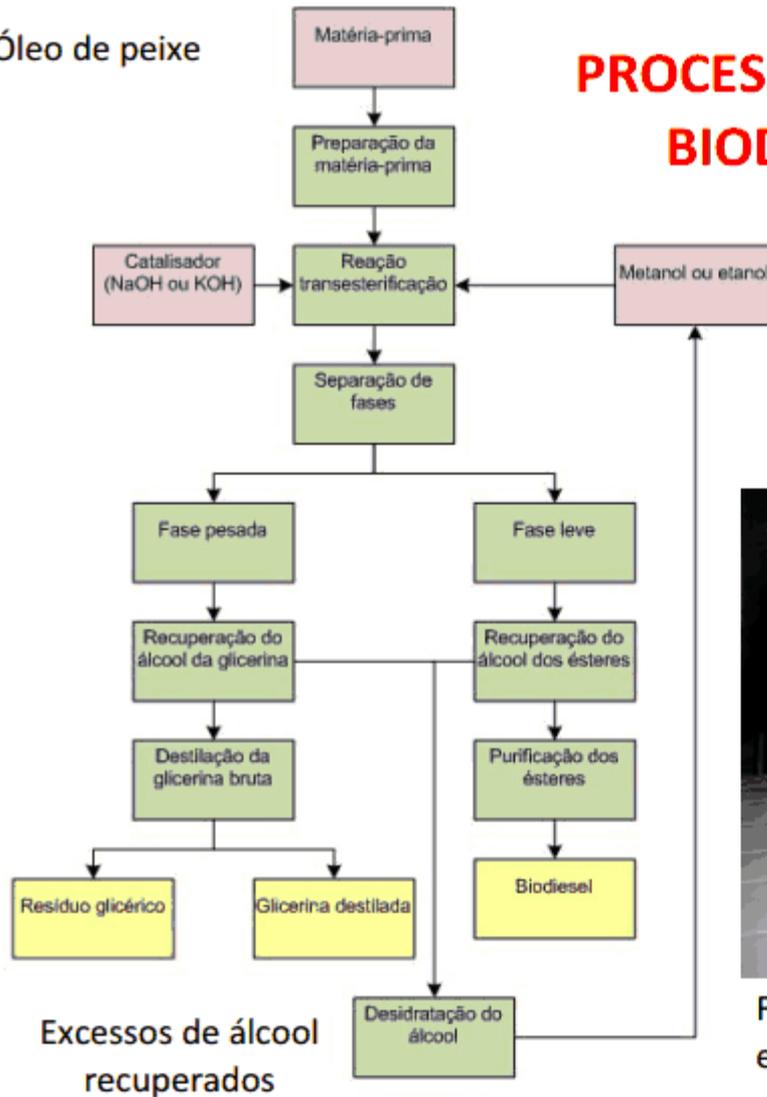
Centrifuga



Tanque de óleo

Óleo de peixe

PROCESSO DE FABRICAÇÃO DE BIODIESEL E GLICERINA



ENTRADA: 87% DE ÓLEO; 12% DE ÁLCOOL E 1% DE CATALISADOR

SAÍDA: 86% DE BIODIESEL; 4% DE ÁLCOOL E 10% DE GLICERINA



Figura: Óleo limpo e purificado a esquerda e óleo sujo contendo glicerina a direita.

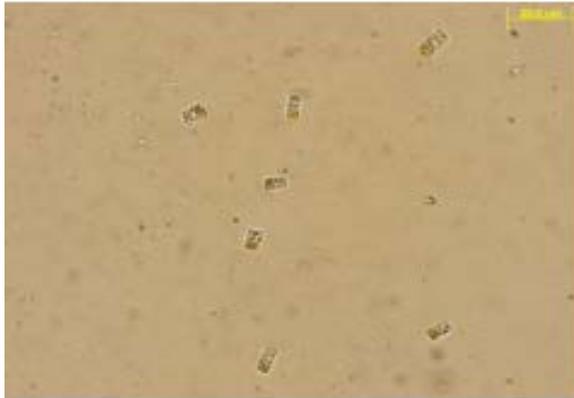
Microalgal Biofuel Clean Technology from Green biomass



Yields

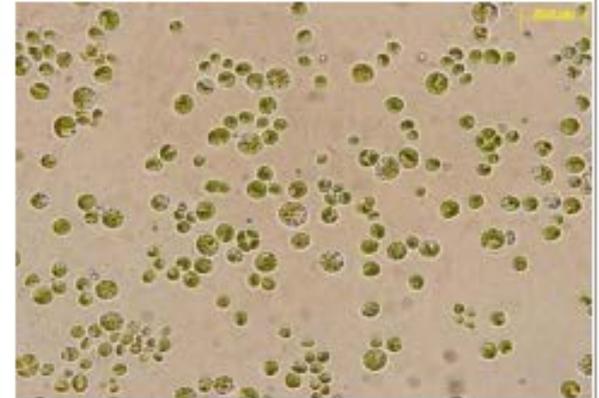
Crop	Yield Oil (L / ha)	Area required (M / ha)	Percentage of crop area existing in the U.S.
Corn	172	1,540	846
Soybean	446	594	326
Canola	1,190	223	122
Jatropha	1,892	140	77
Coco	2,689	99	54
Palm oil	5,950	45	24
Microalgae	136 900	2	1.1
Microalgae	58,700	4.5	2.5

1.1 Strain Biology / Selection



Chaetoceros gracilis

Perfect strain = Productive,
Stable and Utilize low
resources



Chlorella vulgaris

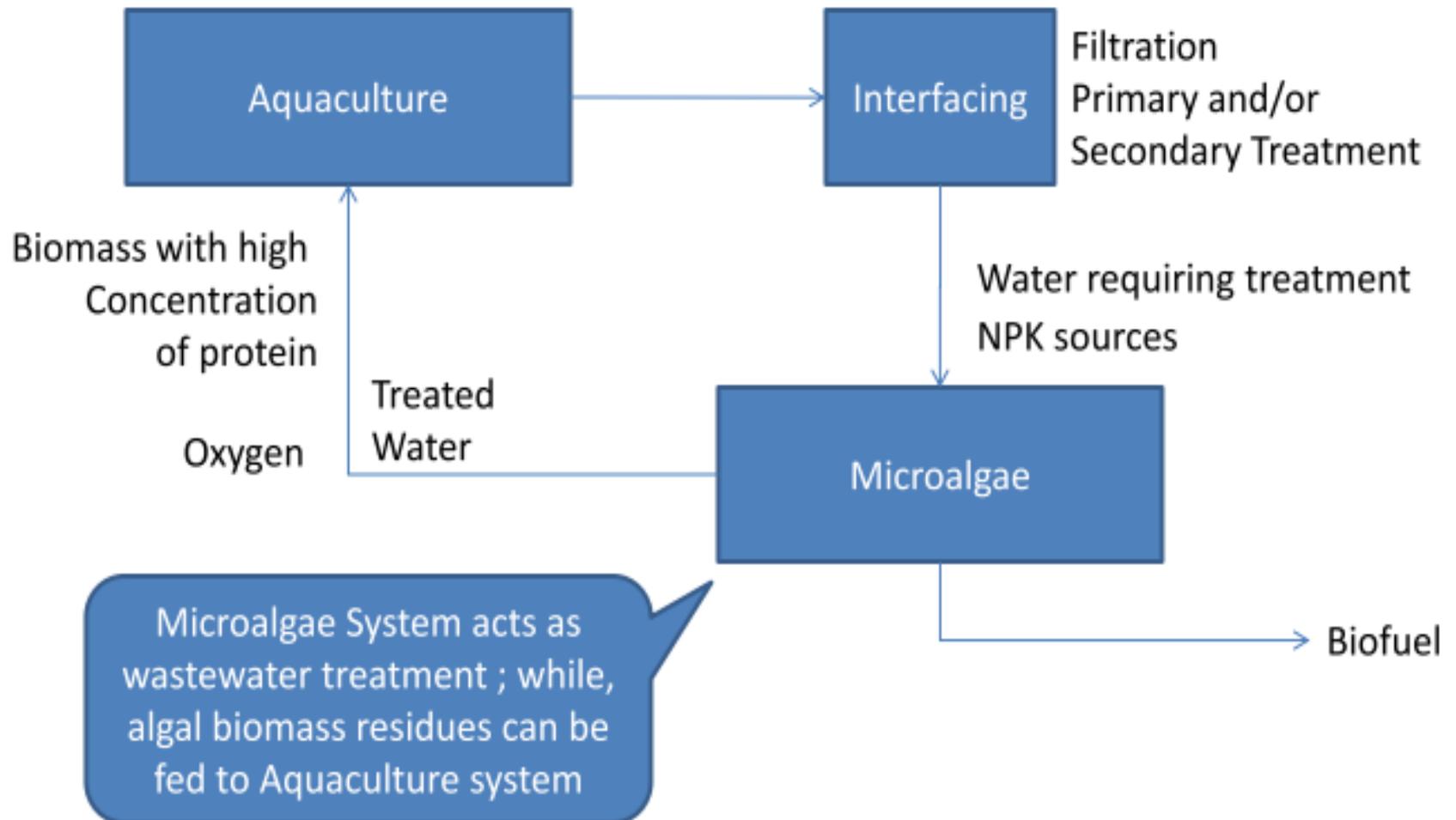


Dunaliella sp.

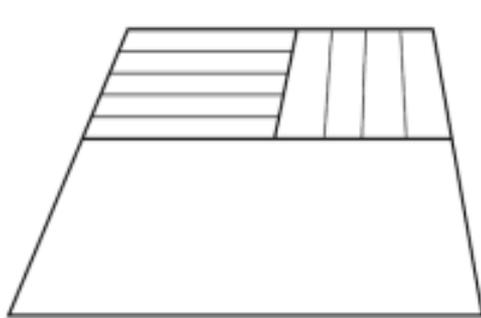


Anabaena ambigua

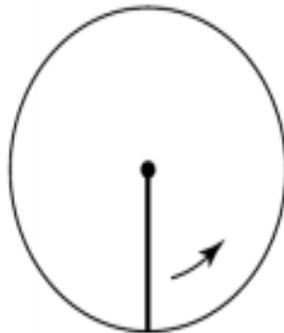
Co-location Concept : With Aquaculture



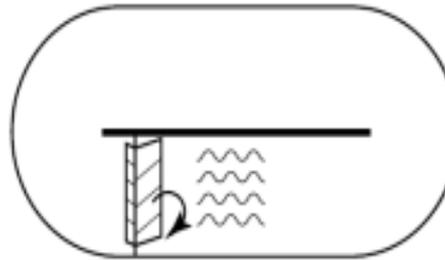
Open or Closed System / Phototrophic or Heterotrophic



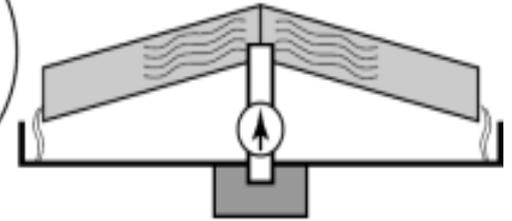
(a) Unstirred open pond



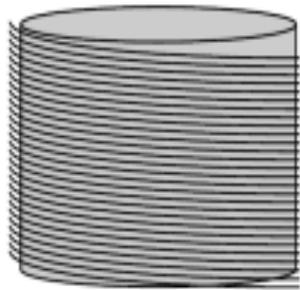
(b) Circular pond



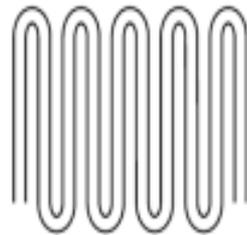
(c) Paddle-wheel pond



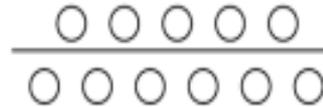
(d) Sloping cascade



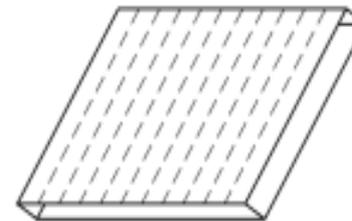
(e) Tubular reactor (helix)



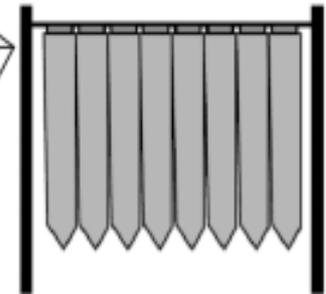
(f) Tubular reactor (plane)



(g) Tubular reactor (two layers)



(h) Laminar reactor



(i) Hanging sleeve

Phototrophic : $\text{CO}_2 \rightarrow$ compete with microalgae itself

Or

Heterotrophic : Other carbon sources (sugar, glycerol, etc.) \rightarrow Compete with Fermentation tech.

Results: Integrated Pyrogas, biogas and ethanol from cassava proces industrial wastes

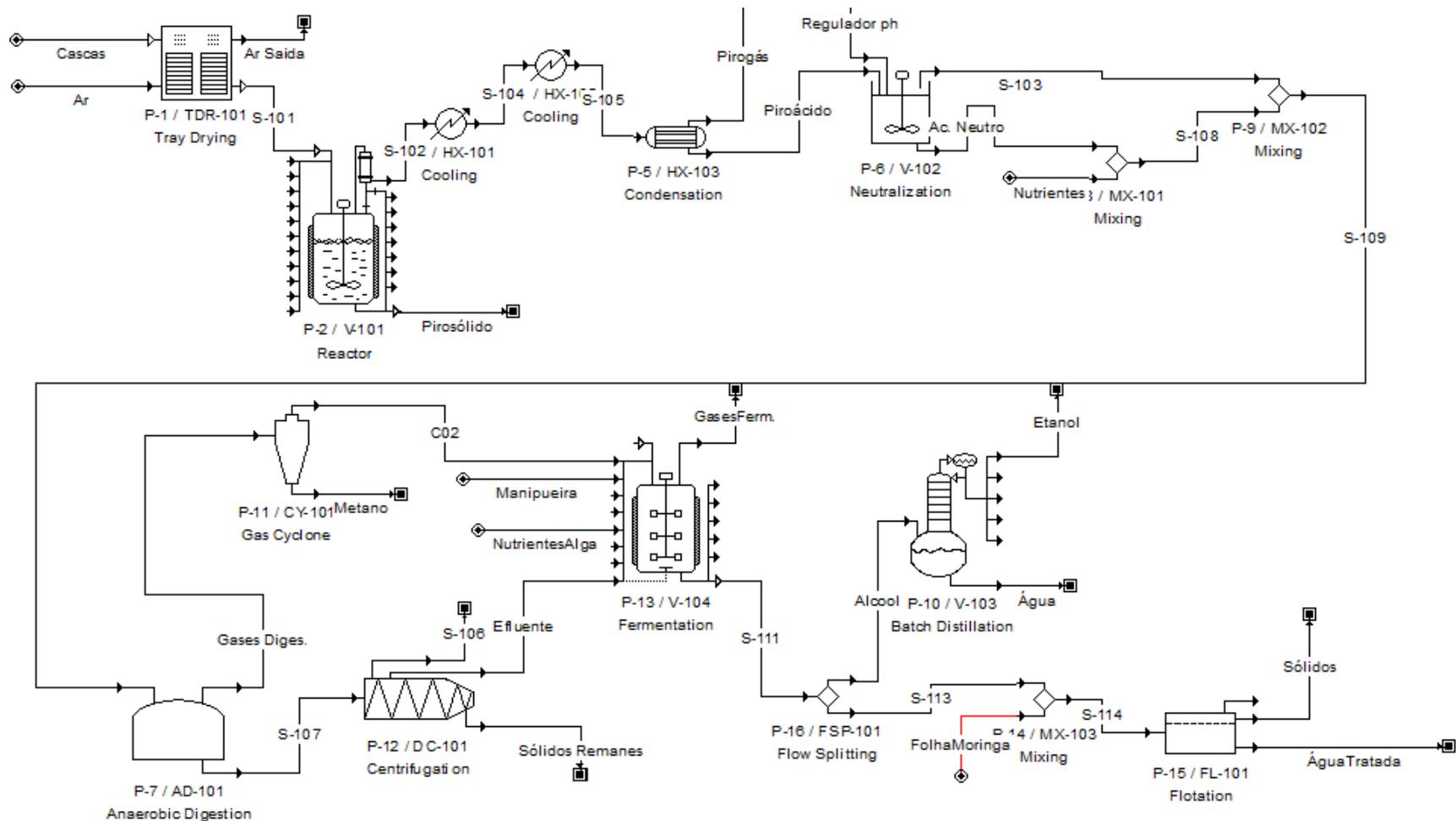
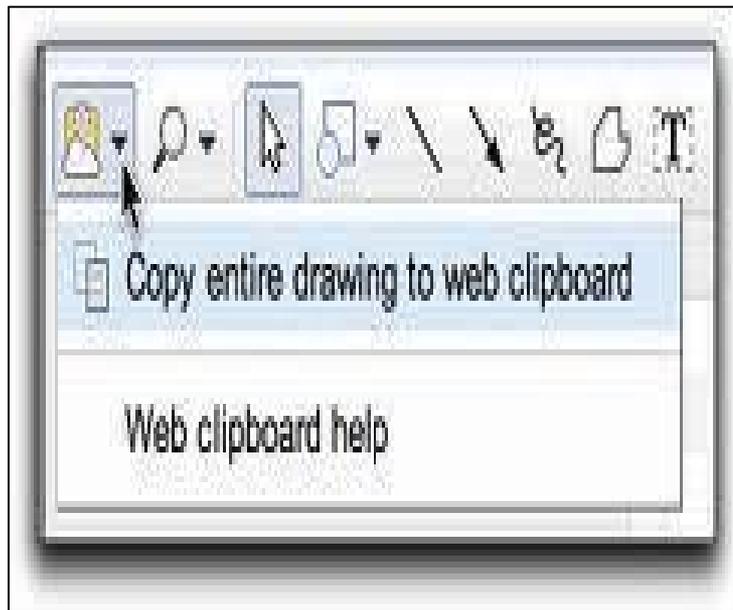


Figure 3 - Ecological Industrial complex open source project development of integrated food, fuel and feed from Agro wastes.

Google online collaborative tool for rapid proposal and research



Moringa Plantation Investments

Production of seeds/ha : ton	9
Land under cultivation :10 ha	
ALL c Cash flow in US dolares	
MO Seeds (in tons) :	90
Crude OIL:	32400
BIODIESEL :	32400
Press Cake :	54900
Glycerol :	3240
CAPITAL	
Plantation	:5,400,000
Crushing	:3,000,000
BIODIESEL	:9,000,000
TOTAL:	17,400,000

Moringa Bio Deisel Economical Viability for fuel and Protein Co product Using Clean Technology

SALE : 24,300,000

Biodiesel

Glycerol : 2,430,000

Intercrop : 600

Press cake : \$2,745,00

CER-Revenue (Biodiesel) 0

CER-Revenue (Plantation) :0

BIODIESEL : \$4,536,000

TOTAL : \$5,802,400

PBT \$: \$24,272,600

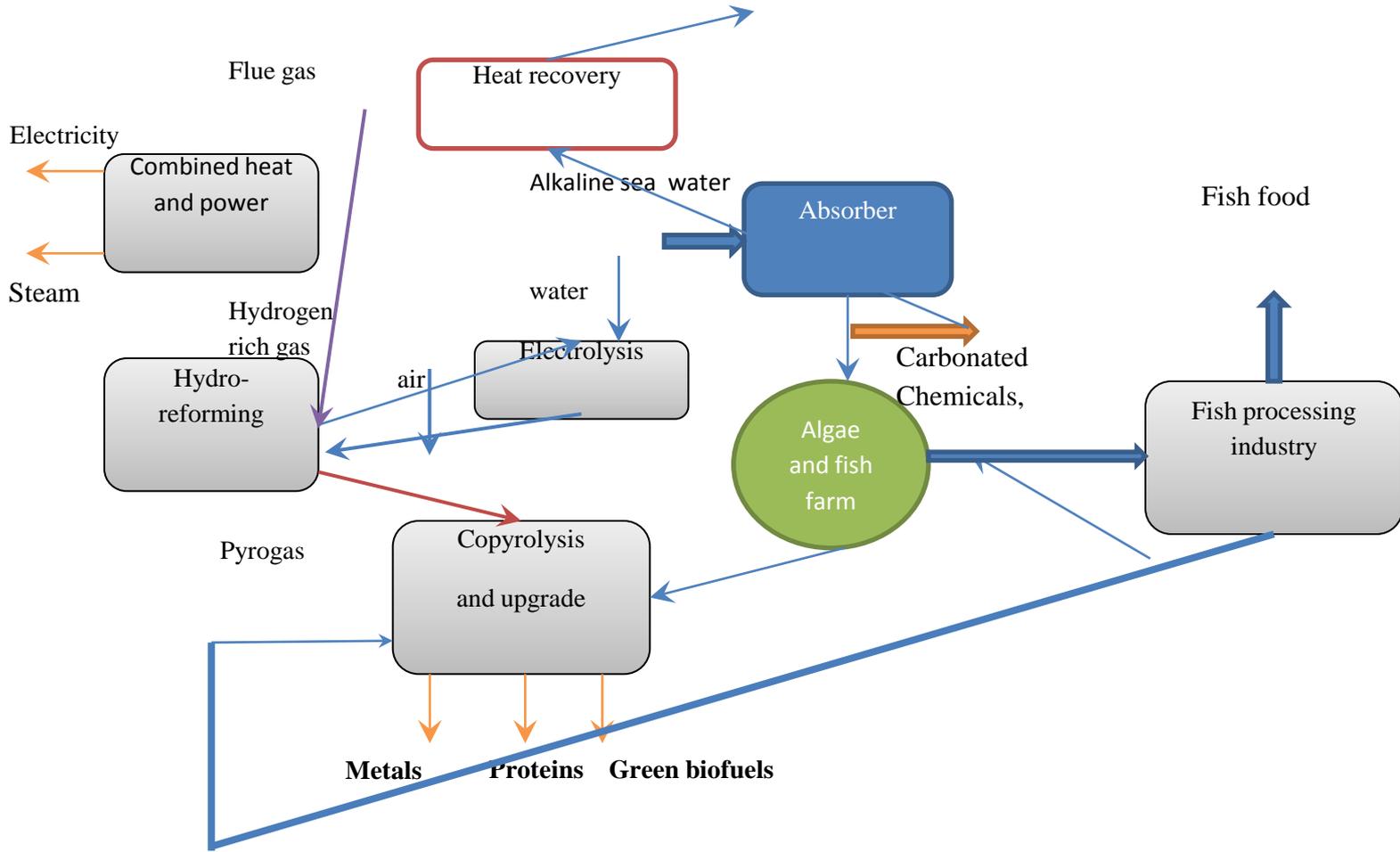
TAX :\$7,281,780

NET PROFIT per year \$: \$16,990,820

Fish waste Bio Deisel Economical Viability for fuel and Protein Co product Using Clean Technology

(1) Rvenu = (B) * (F)	=547,500.00
(2) Cost= (H) * (F)	= 276,615.25
(3) Total = (1) - (2)	= 270,884.75
(4) Depreciacao = ((D) - (C))/(G)	= 43,371.68
(5) Total Profit= (3) - (4)	= 314,256.43
(6) Profit after Tax= (5) - (5)*(E)	= 219,979.50
(7) Cash Flow = (6) + (4)	=263,351.17
(8) Rate of Return, Engineering (ie) = (7)/(A)	=0.61
(9) Rate of Return(5)/(A)	=0.72
(10) Pay back Time , year = (A)/(5)	=1.38
(A) Production Capcity (Kg / ano)	=36500
(B) Product Price per Kg(Food +BioD)	=R\$ 15
(C) Process Cost (U\$ / Kg)	= 7.58
(D) Fixed Investments	=433716.75

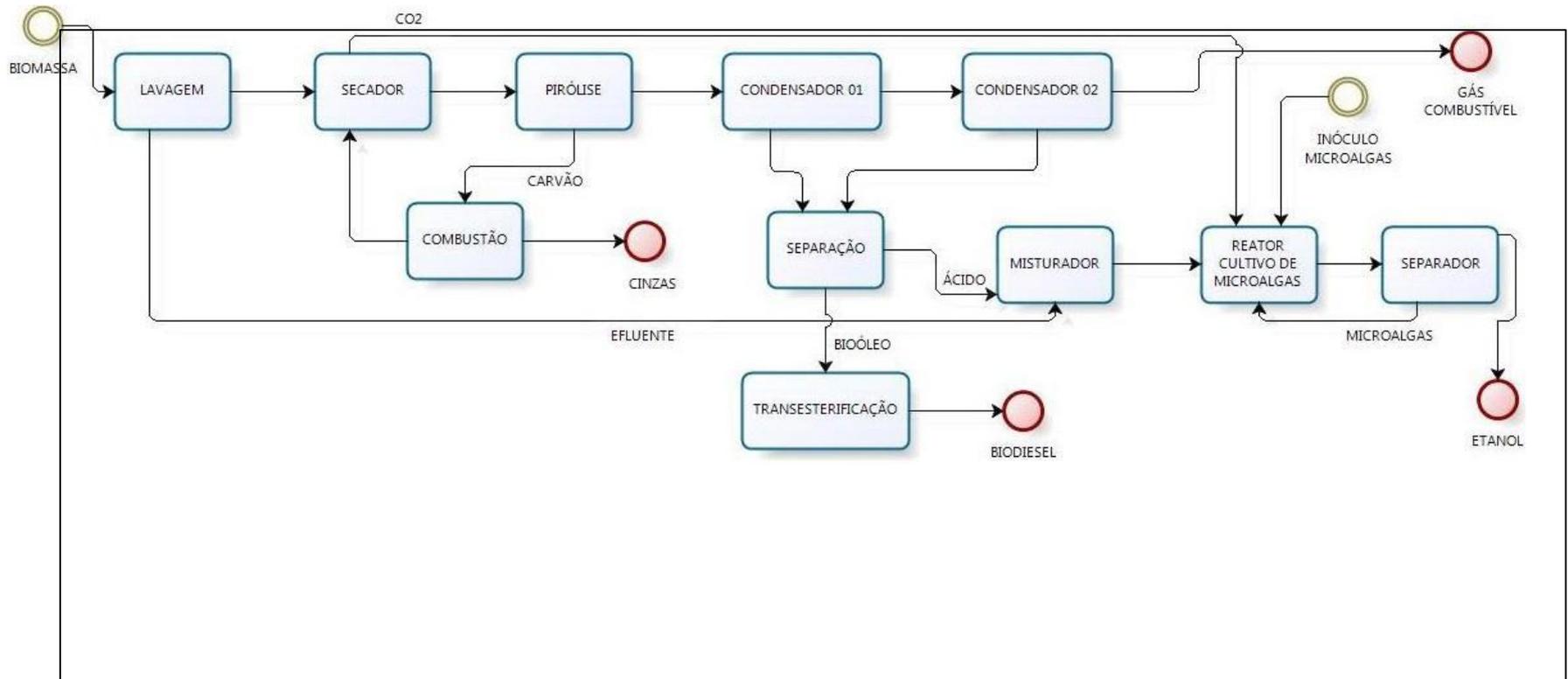
Ecologic dream biorefinery FOOD, FUEL; ENERGY (FFE) (New concept)



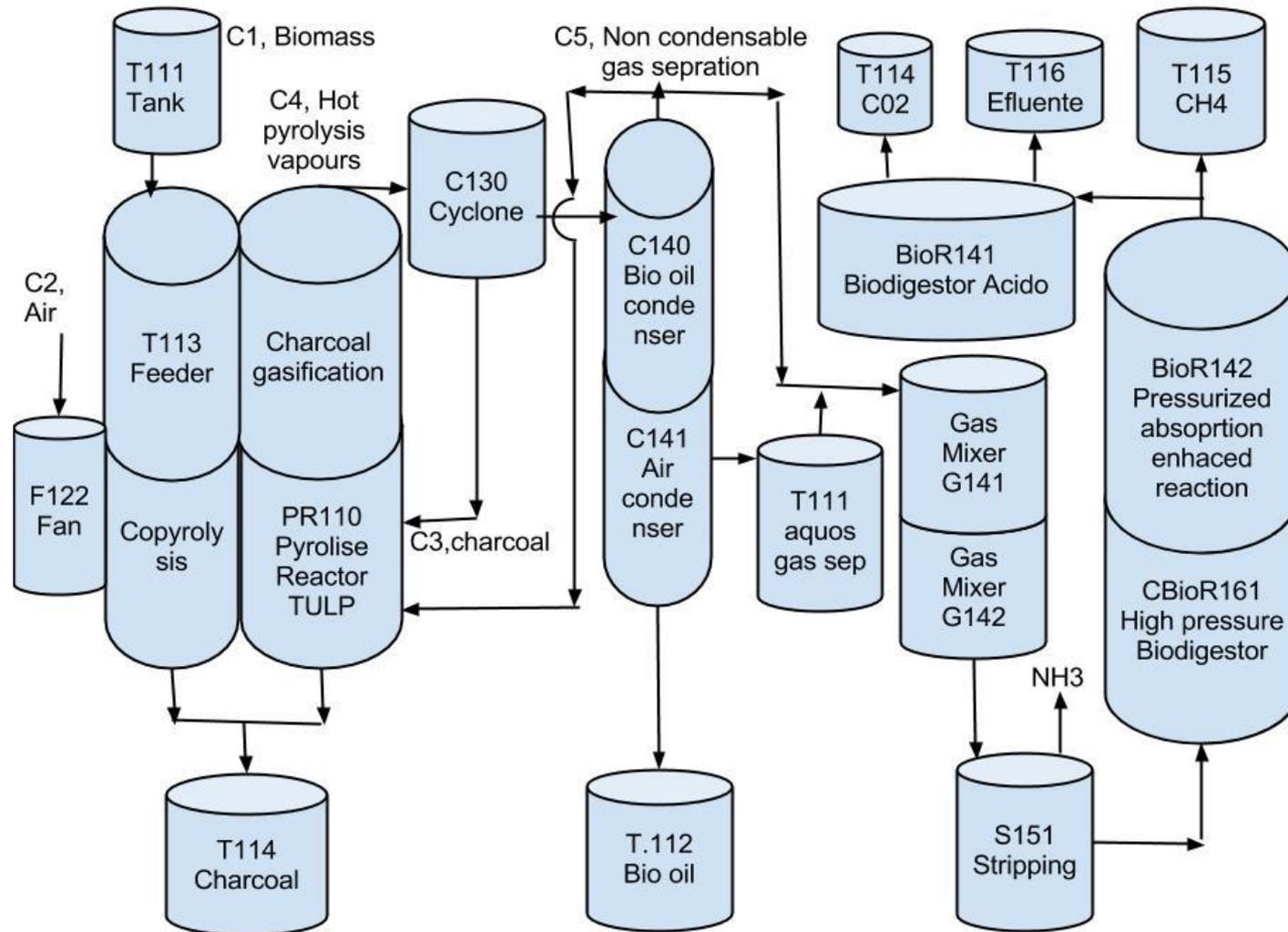
Co-wastes

Norwegian/brazilian patent will be filed

Integrated Pyrogas and Biogas Process



Simple Pyrogas and Biogas Reactors



Bioconversion of agro waste

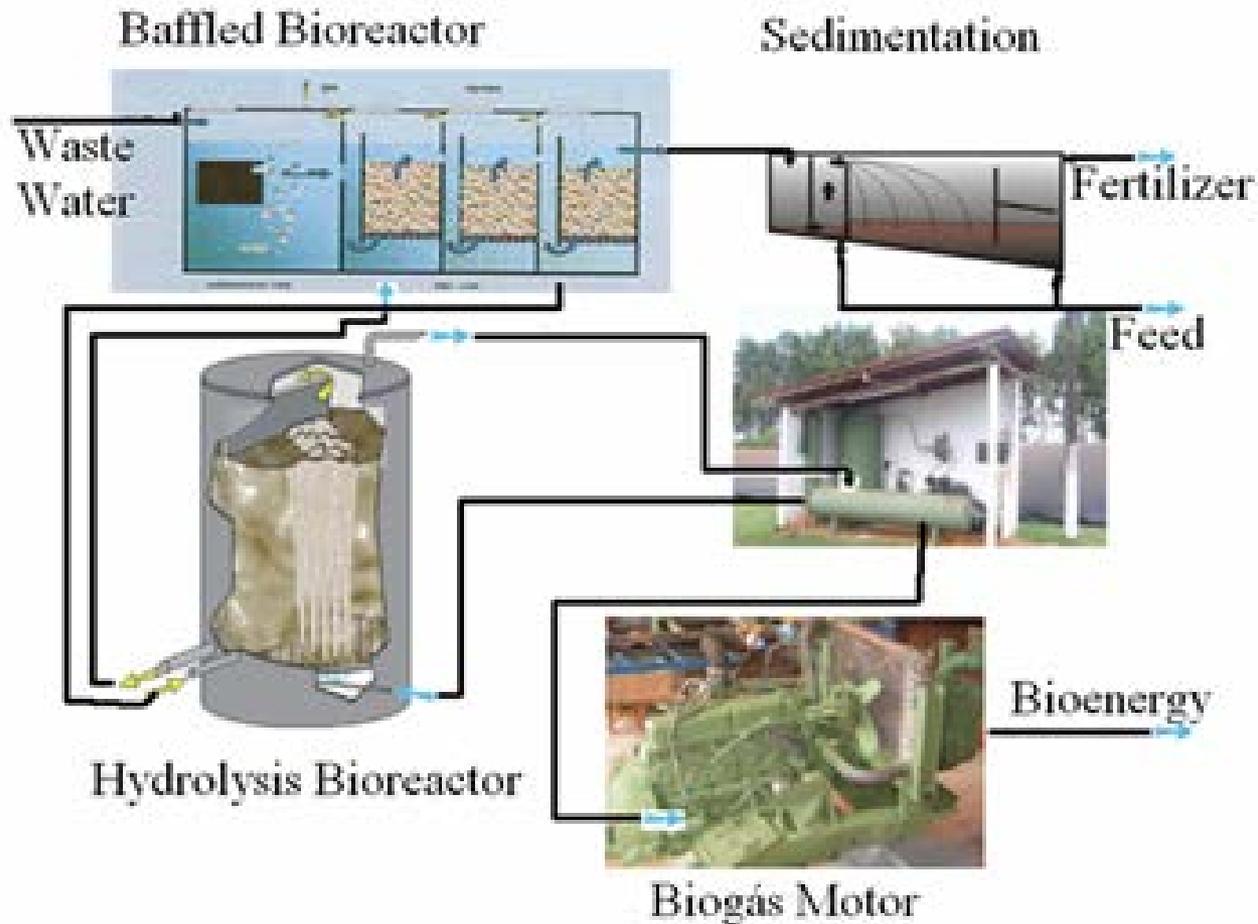
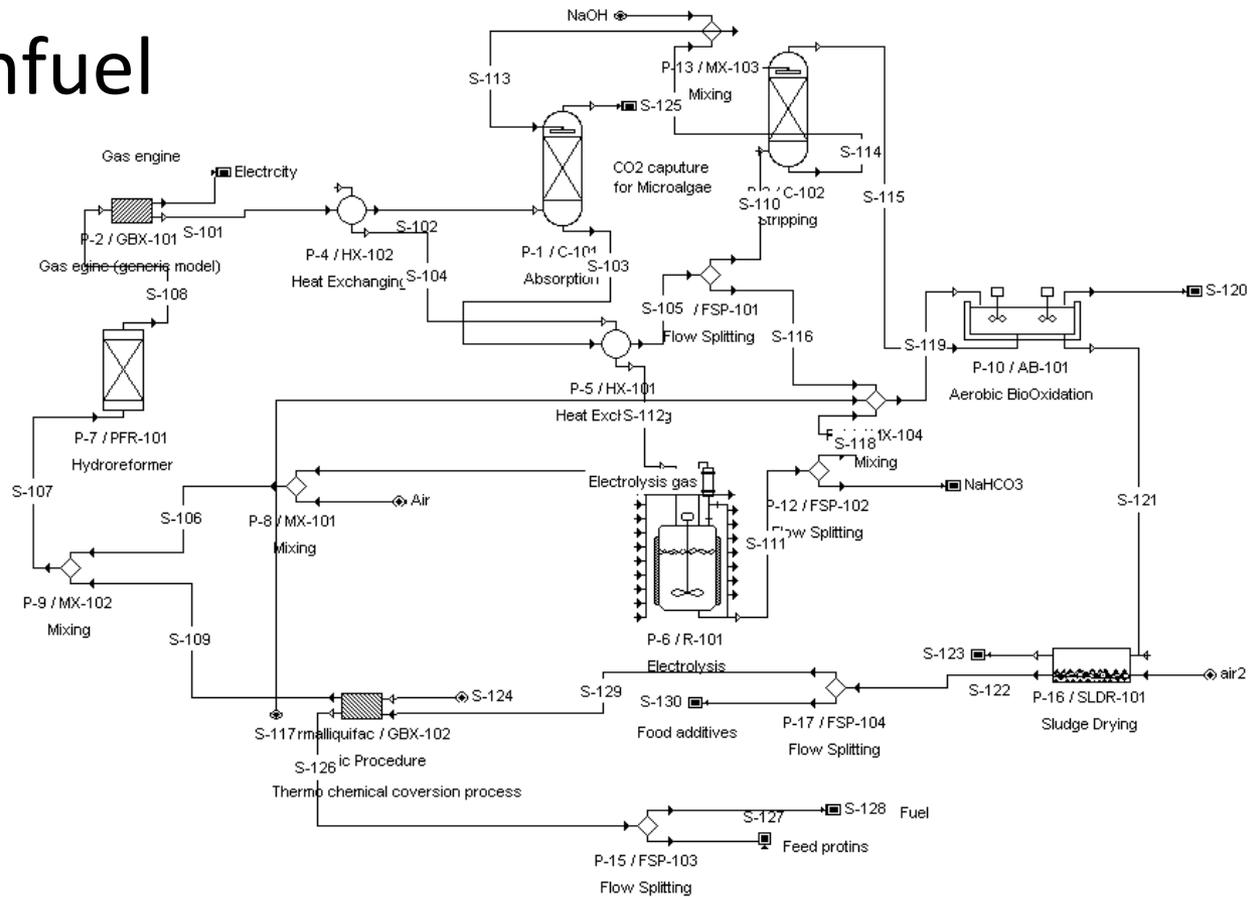


Figure 1 - Base case community bioenergy power project for rural trigeneration need.

Super pro simulation of Integrated Biosystem for fuel and Energy

Greenfuel



HIERARQUIA DOS USOS DE ÓLEOS VEGETAIS



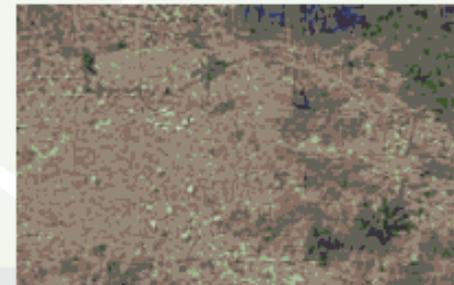
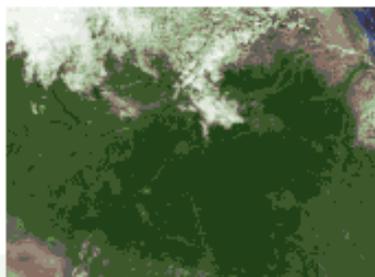


BIODIESEL & DESMATAMENTO



É POSSÍVEL PRODUZIR BIODIESEL
SEM DESFLORESTAR.

AO CONTRÁRIO: É RECOMENDÁVEL
PRODUZIR BIODIESEL ATRAVÉS DO
REFLORESTAMENTOS DE ÁREAS
DEGRADADAS.



Conclusions

The integration of thermoconversion, bioconversion, fuel cell and IC engine need specialized expert helps too, there is demand for both the neat , cold trigeneration of energy. Synergetic concepts of integrated innovative process system have been developed in this work for the integration of renewable power methane plants in biogas plants, biomass gasification plants, pyrogas biomethane , CO₂ seperation. Biodeisel and feed production from waste was realized.

Also from waste cO₂ from methane , micro alage production as well as biodeisel for decentral rural area may bee soon made possible to imporove the bioeconomy local using wastes as well as fish wastes , moringa e macuba via P+L , clean Integraedbisosytem

Conclusão

A integração de termoconversão, bioconversão, células de combustível e motor IC precisa especialista especializado ajuda muito, há demanda para tanto o puro, trigeriação frio de energia. E conceitos sinérgicas de sistema integrado de processo inovador foi desenvolvido neste trabalho para a integração de plantas de metano de energia renováveis em centrais de biogás, plantas de gaseificação de biomassa, e locais de gás natural, indústria intensiva de CO₂, aterros sanitários e usinas de esgoto.

Também a partir de resíduos CO₂, micro produção Alage bem como biodeisel para descentralização área rural pode abelha breve possível para imporve a bioeconomia local, utilizando resíduos, bem como resíduos de peixe, moringa e macuba via P + L, limpo Integraed sistema bio.